## Factoring Synthesis

## FACTORING FLOW CHART

## STEP 1 Take out COMMON FACTORS (GCF)

STEP 2 Ask: How many terms are there?

Probably a difference of squares:
*You need subtraction ("difference") and squares
$a^{2}-b^{2}=(a+b)(a-b)$
Diff of Sqs $=$ Conjugates
Example:
$4 x^{2}-9$
$=(2 \mathrm{x})^{2}-(3)^{2}$
$=(2 x+3)(2 x-3)$

Factoring trinomials:

$$
a x^{2}+b x+c
$$

Type 1: $a=1$
Example:

$$
x^{2}-3 x+2
$$

Ask: what ADDS to "b" (here-3)
\& MULTIPLIES to "c" (here +2)

Answer: -1, -2
Write factors

$$
(x-1)(x-2)
$$

Type 2: $a \neq 1$

## Example:

$$
2 x^{2}-x-1
$$

Ask: what ADDS to "b"

> (here -1)
\& MULTIPLIES to "ac"
(here 2(-1)= - 2 )

Answer: -2, 1
Use these to split the middle term into two separate terms:

$$
\begin{gathered}
2 x^{2}-x-1 \\
2 x^{2}-2 x+1 x-1
\end{gathered}
$$

Factor using grouping:
See next column ©

Probably grouping:
Example:

$$
2 x^{2}-2 x+1 x-1
$$

Group the first two terms together, and the last two terms together:

$$
\left[2 x^{2}-2 x\right]+[1 x-1]
$$

Factor common factors out of each group:

$$
2 x(x-1)+1(x-1)
$$

You should have two matching brackets. Factor them out:

$$
(x-1)(2 x+1)
$$

