

5.6 Solving Systems in  
3 Variables

November-23-10

To solve a system of equations with 3 variables, we use elimination to make a system with 2 variables and then solve this simpler system.

Ex Solve  $x + 4y + 3z = 5$       ①  
 $x + 3y + 2z = 4$       ②  
 $x + y - z = -1$       ③

Subtract ① and ②      Subtract ① and ③

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 4y + 3z = 5 \\ - (x + 3y + 2z = 4) \\ \hline y + z = 1 \quad ④ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{r} x + 4y + 3z = 5 \\ - (x + y - z = -1) \\ \hline 3y + 4z = 6 \quad ⑤ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4 \times (y + z = 1) \quad ④ \\ 3y + 4z = 6 \quad ⑤ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4y + 4z = 4 \\ - (3y + 4z = 6) \\ \hline y = -2 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{l} y \downarrow \quad ④ \downarrow \\ (-2) + z = 1 \\ z = 3 \end{array}$$

Now take these 2 values and sub. into any of the original equations to find the third variable

$$x + 4y + 3z = 5 \quad ①$$

$$x + 4(-2) + 3(3) = 5$$

$$x - 8 + 9 = 5$$

$$x = 4$$

$$(4, -2, 3)$$

## Ex. 2

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Ex. Solve       $\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & -2 & 0.5 \\ 3x - 3y - 2z = 14 & \textcircled{1} \\ 5x + y - 6z = 10 & \textcircled{2} \\ x - 2y + 4z = 9 & \textcircled{3} \end{array}$

 $\textcircled{1}$  and  $3 \times \textcircled{2}$  $2 \times \textcircled{2}$  and  $\textcircled{3}$ 

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x - 3y - 2z = 14 & & 10x + 2y - 12z = 20 \\ + (15x + 3y - 18z = 30) & & + (x - 2y + 4z = 9) \\ \hline 18x & - 20z = 44 & 11x & - 8z = 29 \end{array}$$

$$18x - 20z = 44 \quad \textcircled{4}$$

$$11x - 8z = 29 \quad \textcircled{5}$$

$$2 \times \textcircled{4} \quad 36x - 40z = 88$$

$$5 \times \textcircled{5} \quad \begin{array}{r} -(55x - 40z = 145) \\ \hline -19x & = -57 \end{array}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 18(3) - 20z = 44$$

$$54 - 20z = 44$$

$$-20z = -10$$

$$z = 0.5$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 3(3) - 3y - 2(0.5) = 14$$

$$9 - 3y - 1 = 14$$

$$-3y = 6$$

$$\boxed{y = -2}$$

$$\boxed{(3, -2, 0.5)}$$